

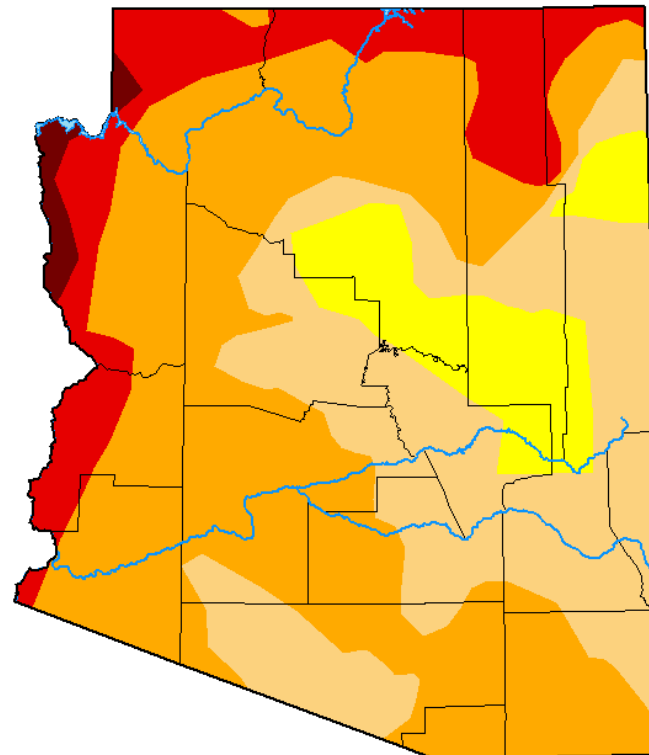
ARIZONA SHORT-TERM DROUGHT STATUS REPORT

JULY 2022

July saw an active monsoon pattern across most of the state. Largely, the Mogollon Rim and White Mountains observed above-average rainfall, as did central and eastern Coconino, northern Navajo, western Maricopa, southern Pinal, southwestern Cochise, and much of Mojave County. Western Coconino, portions of Pima, and much of Gila and Graham counties received below-average precipitation for the month.

Abnormally Dry (D0) conditions expanded along the Mogollon Rim and White Mountains and replaced Severe (D2) drought in central Apache County (10%). Moderate (D1) drought replaced Severe (D2) drought in western Pima and central Navajo counties and expanded northward in Apache County (D1-D2 76%). Extreme (D3) drought was removed from Cochise and Santa Cruz counties but persists along far western and northern portions of the state (13%). Exceptional (D4) drought retreated to far western Mohave County (1%).

U.S. Drought Monitor Arizona



August 2, 2022
(Released Thursday, Aug. 4, 2022)
Valid 8 a.m. EDT

	Drought Conditions (Percent Area)					
	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	0.00	100.00	90.06	59.65	14.41	1.32
Last Week 07-26-2022	0.00	100.00	93.05	60.37	16.64	2.08
3 Months Ago 05-03-2022	0.00	100.00	98.48	62.22	10.26	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 01-04-2022	0.00	100.00	55.74	26.15	5.08	0.00
Start of Water Year 09-28-2021	0.00	100.00	80.38	40.02	13.69	0.00
One Year Ago 08-03-2021	0.00	100.00	98.93	82.76	35.80	6.05

Intensity:

None	D2 Severe Drought
D0 Abnormally Dry	D3 Extreme Drought
D1 Moderate Drought	D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to <https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx>

Author:
Curtis Riganti
National Drought Mitigation Center



droughtmonitor.unl.edu